TIE WAR EUROPE Selected Chronology (National Archives and Records Administration, 208-AA-161-20.)

JANUARY 30, 1933	Adolf Hitler becomes chancellor of Germany.
MARCH 16, 1935	Hitler announces the beginning of German rearmament, a direct violation of the Treaty of Versailles.
MARCH 7, 1936	Germany remilitarizes the Rhineland.
MARCH 12-13, 1938	Germany announces the Anschluss, or German annexation of Austria.
SEPTEMBER 30, 1938	British Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain secures a promise from Hitler not to seek additional territorial gains in Europe.
NOVEMBER 9-10, 1938	Thousands of Jewish homes, schools, businesses, and places of worship are vandalized during <i>Kristallnacht</i> .
MAY 22, 1939	Germany signs the "Pact of Steel" with Italy.
AUGUST 23, 1939	The Nazi-Soviet Pact is signed in Moscow.
SEPTEMBER 1, 1939	German forces invade Poland.
NOVEMBER 4, 1939	Congress amends the Neutrality Act to allow sales of arms and matériel on a "cash-and-carry" basis.
MAY 27, 1940	British troops begin evacuating France at Dunkirk.
JUNE 22, 1940	France surrenders to German forces.
D-SEPTEMBER 15, 1940	The Battle of Britain; the German Luftwaffe is ultimately defeated.

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JULY 10



SEPTEMBER 2, 1940	The United States and Britain sign a "destroyers for bases" agreement.
MARCH 11, 1941	President Franklin Delano Roosevelt signs the Lend-Lease Act.
JUNE 22, 1941	German forces invade the Soviet Union (Operation Barbarossa).
AUGUST 14, 1941	President Roosevelt and British Prime Minister Winston Churchill issue the Atlantic Charter.
DECEMBER 7, 1941	Japanese planes attack Pearl Harbor, Hawaii; Germany and Italy declare war on the United States four days later.
NOVEMBER 8, 1942	US and British forces invade North Africa (Operation Torch).
JANUARY 14-24, 1943	Roosevelt and Churchill meet at the Casablanca Conference in Morocco.
FEBRUARY 2, 1943	The five-month Battle of Stalingrad ends in a German surrender.
MAY 13, 1943	Axis forces surrender to the Allies in Tunisia, ending the North Africa campaign.
JULY 9-10, 1943	United States and British forces invade Sicily (Operation Husky).
SEPTEMBER 9, 1943	American forces land on the Italian mainland at Salerno.
JANUARY 22, 1944	American forces land at Anzio and Nettuno.
JUNE 4, 1944	Allied forces enter Rome, the first Axis capital to fall.



JUNE 6, 1944	Allies launch the D-Day invasion of Normandy, France.
AUGUST 25, 1944	Paris is liberated.
DECEMBER 16, 1944— JANUARY 25, 1945	The Battle of the Bulge is fought.
FEBRUARY 13-14, 1945	Dresden is destroyed by Allied firebombing.
APRIL 6, 1945	US troops liberate their first concentration camp at Ohrdruf.
APRIL 12, 1945	President Roosevelt dies; Harry S. Truman is sworn in as president.
MAY 7, 1945	All German forces unconditionally surrender to the Allies.
JULY 17-AUGUST 2, 1945	Churchill, Truman, and Soviet Premier Joseph Stalin gather for the Potsdam Conference.